

What makes a webpage accessible?

Based on Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.1 Level AA

Headings & Page Structure

Organize content with clear, hierarchical headings (H1, H2, H3, p). This creates a logical structure that helps screen reader users navigate and allows all users to quickly scan the page.

Meaningful Links

Write link text that clearly describes its destination or action. Replace vague phrases like "Click here" with specific labels to improve clarity and accessibility.

Captions & Transcripts

Include captions and transcripts for video or audio content. This ensures everyone, regardless of their ability to hear, can fully access the content.



Hyperlink High School

HOMEABOUTDEPARTMENTSFAMILIESCALENDARSTAFFCONTACT

Welcome

Hyperlink High School is a community centered on equity, curiosity, and opportunity. We aim to support each student's unique path while fostering a learning environment where everyone can succeed.



Latest News

Alternative Text

Provide descriptive alt text for every meaningful image so screen readers can communicate its purpose. Focus on the message or function of the image, not just its visual appearance.

Color Contrast

Ensure text stands out clearly against its background by using strong color contrast. This makes content readable for users with low vision, color blindness, or those viewing on small or bright screens.

The logo for the Learning Technology Center (LTC) features a blue circle with the letters "LTC" in white, followed by the text "Learning Technology Center" in a dark blue, sans-serif font.

Learn more at ltcillinois.org/accessible